## Page 57

I. $83 \div 10=8 \cdot 3$
2. $48 \div 10=4 \cdot 8$
3. $77 \div 10=7 \cdot 7$
4. $61 \div 10=6 \cdot 1$
5. $29 \div 10=2 \cdot 9$
6. $52 \div 10=5 \cdot 2$
7. $4 \cdot 7 \times 10=47$
8. $9 \cdot 1 \times 10=91$
9. $3.6 \times 10=36$
10. $7.8 \times 10=78$
II. $5.4 \times 10=54$
12. $8.9 \times 10=89$
13. $630 \div 100=6 \cdot 3$
14. $780 \div 100=7 \cdot 8$
15. $310 \div 100=3 \cdot 1$
16. $290 \div 100=2 \cdot 9$
17. $650 \div 100=6 \cdot 5$
18. $870 \div 100=8.7$
19. $3.7 \times 100=370$
20. $9 \cdot 1 \times 100=910$
21. $7.6 \times 100=760$
22. $4.8 \times 100=480$
23. $6.4 \times 100=640$
24. $8.2 \times 100=820$

Think. Any multiple of 10 .

## Page 58

I-4. Seven 2-digit numbers, each divided by IO. e.g. 35 and $3 \cdot 5$.
5. No, if the number was a multiple of 10 the answer can be written as a whole number.
6. If the number is not a multiple of 10 you will get a decimal answer and if it is you will get a whole number.
7. 30,3

8-II. Seven 3-digit multiples of IO, each divided by IOO. e.g. 350 and 3.5 .
12. No, if the number was a multiple of 100 the answer can be written as a whole number.
13. 400, 4

Think. If the number is not a multiple of 100 you will get a decimal answer and if it is you will get a whole number.

## Page 59

Questions should be answered using column addition.
Think. You will have to move a IO across in 2,4 and 7 . You will have to move a 100 across in $3,4,5$ and
6. You will have to move a 1000 across in 8.
I. 6782
2. 9736
3. 6547
4. 6049
5. $\mathrm{q} / 40$
6. 9067
7. 7921
8. 12691

## Page 60

Questions should be answered using column addition.
I. 13573
2. 13972
3. 13364
4. 16354
5. 12205
6. 12137
7. 10421
8. $I 5 I 25$
9. 13151
10. 10968
II. 12002 m

Think. Possible answer:
$1236+9542=10778$

## Page 61

I. II 268
2. II 554
3. II $9 \|$
4. II 735
5. Kacey, by 44
6. 3847

Think. Answers will vary.

## Page 62

I. $£ 21+£ 44=£ 65$
2. $£ 35+£ 35+£ 20=£ 90$
3. $£ 22+£ 11+£ 44=£ 77$
4. $£ 25+£ 25+£ 16=£ 66$
5. $£ 26+£ 32+£ 24=£ 82$
6. $£ 99+£ 32=£ 131$
7. $£ 66+£ 33+£ 5=£ 104$
8. $£ 25+£ 75+£ 69=£ 169$
9. $£ 33+\mathrm{f} 18+£ 47=£ \mathrm{f} 8$
10. $£ 345+£ 102=£ 447$
II. $£ 465+£ 199=£ 664$
12. $£ 548+£ 221=£ 76 q$
13. $£ 37+£ 17+£ 48=£ 102$
14. $£ 56+£ 27+£ 75=£ 158$
15. $£ 76+£ 68+£ 78=£ 222$
16. $£ 55+£ 87+£ 79=£ 221$
17. $£ 66+\mathrm{f} 78+£ 47=£ \mathrm{f} \mid \mathrm{I}$
18. $£ 527+£ 147=£ 674$
19. $£ 378+£ 576=£ 954$
20. $£ 678+£ 537=£ 1215$

Think. An addition of three 2-digit numbers where the total of the Is digits is 10 .

## Page 63

I. $£ 27+£ 73+£ 42=£ 142$
2. $£ 67+£ 44+£ 58=£ 169$
3. $£ 35+£ 60+£ 45=£ 140$
4. $£ 42+£ 81+£ 57=£ 180$
5. $£ 78+£ 73+£ 65=£ 216$
6. $£ 45+£ 87+£ 45=£ 177$
7. $£ 24+£ 28+£ 98=£ 150$
8. $£ 44+£ 87+£ 77=£ 208$
9. $£ 66+£ 84+£ 33=£ 183$
10. $£ 83+£ 76+£ 69=£ 228$
II. $£ 247+£ 802=£ 1049$
12. $£ 567+£ 274=£ 841$
13. $£ 634+£ 798=£ 1432$
14. $£ 755+£ 688=£ 1443$
15. $£ 467+£ 521=£ 988$
16. $£ 648+£ 537=£ 1185$
17. $£ 1098$
18. $£ 1$

Iq. $£ 1156$
Think. An addition of three 2-digit numbers with a total of 100 . The Is digits must not be 0 or 5 .

## Page 64

I. $£ 87+£ 43+£ 45=£ 175$
2. $£ 79+£ 44+56=£ 179$
3. $£ 47+£ 68+£ 85=£ 200$
4. $£ 53+£ 71+£ 56=£ 180$
5. $£ 85+£ 66+£ 78=£ 229$
6. $£ 48+£ 37+£ 86=£ 171$
7. $£ 52+£ 78+£ 98=£ 228$
8. $£ 54+£ 45+£ 77=£ 176$
9. $£ 247+£ 878=£ 1125$
10. $£ 698+£ 443=£ 1141$
II. $£ 647+£ 332=£ 979$
12. $£ 825+£ 274=£ 109 q$
13. $£ 877+£ 768=£ 1645$
14. $£ 358+£ 688=£ 1046$
15. $£ 469+£ 231=£ 700$
16. $£ 956+£ 548=£ 1504$
17. $£ 745$
18. $£ \mathrm{II}$

Iq. £2
Think. Answers will vary.

