

Spellings

(please practise these in your handwriting book)

even	prove
break	improve
steak	sure
great	sugar
move	eye

Can you include your spellings in a sentence?

Hello Year 2! You are all working so hard at home - well done! This week we are going to focus on our presentation. Make sure every piece of work you do at home is presented as neatly as you can and remember to join your handwriting too! Here are your tasks for Tuesday
Miss Clement ☺

Maths

To warm up your brain practise your division facts on 'Hit the Button' <https://www.topmarks.co.uk/maths-games/hit-the-button>
We are continuing our work about thirds today. Have a go at Week 2 Lesson 2 'find a third'.
<https://whiterosemaths.com/homelearning/year-2/>
Remember you can answer the questions on the printed sheet, in your home learning book or verbally.

Science - Bees

Today we are looking at the life cycle of a honey bee. Have a look at the next three slides which talk about the different stages. Then, have a go at illustrating the different stages of the life cycle. You could draw these different stages into your home learning book or you might like to be a little more creative. There are some ideas on the last slide. I would love to see your finished work! Please email it to year2@woodstone.leics.sch.uk

English

Hopefully you had chance to find lots of facts about your chosen insect and plan your non-chronological report yesterday. Today we are going to start writing our report in the form of a leaflet. This makes it easier to read and more attractive to our audience. Ask your adult to help you to fold a piece of A4 paper into three parts to make a leaflet template. Leave the front cover blank (we are going to decorate this tomorrow) and start writing on the inside of your leaflet. Each page needs its own subtitle (e.g. 'Appearance'), a picture and some text. Make sure you include all the facts you found out and write in lots of detail to interest your reader.

Read aloud to an adult for at least 10 minutes. Focus on the 'explain' questions of your VIPERS question stems today.

Joke of the day

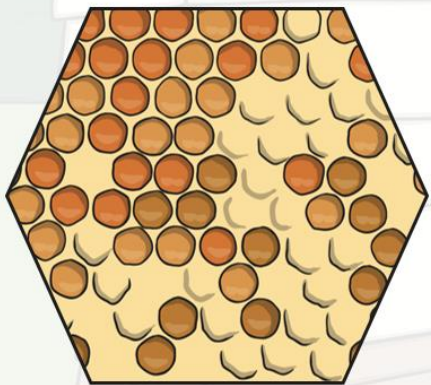
Why was 6 afraid of 7?

Because 7 8 9!

Did you know...?

An ostrich's eye is bigger than its whole brain!

The Egg



The first stage in the life of a bee is when the queen bee lays a single egg in a **cell** of the honeycomb.

A cell is a small hole in the honeycomb.

The honeycomb is made by the worker bees.

The egg is long, thin and white.

The Larvae



After around three days, the egg hatches into a larvae.

The larvae is fed royal jelly, which is made by the worker bees. This is like a white liquid.

The larvae looks like a white worm.

The Larvae

Then, the larvae is fed bee bread. This is a mixture of honey and pollen.

This is called the pupa stage.



After a few days, the cell is sealed by the worker bees with a lid of wax.

The Pupa

The pupa grows but is no longer fed.

The pupa spins a cocoon and begins to change. Its legs, eyes and wings grow in the cocoon.

After 21 days from being a new egg, the pupa has become an adult bee.



The Adult Bee



The fully grown bee bites the lid off the cell and climbs out.

It is a light grey colour. It stays in the hive for 21 days.

At 22 days old, the bee becomes a forager bee. This means it will fly to flowers and look for pollen.

An adult bee can live for up to six weeks in the summer.

